Antibody identification

- (d) Evaluation of a laboratory's analyte or test performance. HHS approves only those programs that assess the accuracy of a laboratory's response in accordance with paragraphs (d)(1) through (5) of this section.
- (1) To determine the accuracy of a laboratory's response, a program must compare the laboratory's response for each analyte with the response that reflects agreement of either 100 percent of ten or more referee laboratories or 95 percent or more of all participating laboratories except for unexpected antibody detection and antibody identification. To determine the accuracy of a laboratory's response for unexpected antibody detection and antibody identification, a program must compare the laboratory's response for each analyte with the response that reflects agreement of either 95 percent of ten or more referee laboratories or 95 percent

or more of all participating laboratories. The score for a sample in immunohematology is either the score determined under paragraph (d)(2) or (3) of this section.

(2) Criteria for acceptable performance. The criteria for acceptable performance are—

Analyte or test	Criteria for acceptable per- formance
ABO group D (Rho) typing Unexpected antibody detection Compatibility testing Antibody identification	100% accuracy. 100% accuracy. 80% accuracy. 100% accuracy. 80% accuracy.

- (3) The criterion for acceptable performance for qualitative immunohematology tests is positive or negative.
- (4) To determine the analyte testing event score, the number of acceptable analyte responses must be averaged using the following formula:

 $\frac{\text{Number of acceptable responses for the analyte}}{\text{Total number of challenges for the analyte}} \times 100 = \frac{\text{Analyte score for the testing event}}{\text{the testing event}}$ 

(5) To determine the overall testing event score, the number of correct re-

sponses for all analytes must be averaged using the following formula:

 $\frac{\text{Number of acceptable responses for all challenges}}{\text{Total number of all challenges}} \times 100 = \text{Testing event score}$ 

## Subpart J—Facility Administration for Nonwaived Testing

Source:  $68\ \mathrm{FR}$  3703, Jan. 24, 2003, unless otherwise noted.

## § 493.1100 Condition: Facility administration.

Each laboratory that performs non-waived testing must meet the applicable requirements under §§ 493.1101 through 493.1105, unless HHS approves a procedure that provides equivalent quality testing as specified in Appendix C of the State Operations Manual (CMS Pub. 7).

## §493.1101 Standard: Facilities.

- (a) The laboratory must be constructed, arranged, and maintained to ensure the following:
- (1) The space, ventilation, and utilities necessary for conducting all phases of the testing process.
- (2) Contamination of patient specimens, equipment, instruments, reagents, materials, and supplies is minimized
- (3) Molecular amplification procedures that are not contained in closed systems have a uni-directional workflow. This must include separate